

Saving the Spirits

The Company

The Company is a producer and distributor of premium spirits, and a market leader with several of the top worldwide brands in their respective categories.



The Situation

The company had begun a company-wide waste reduction effort. Keystone was engaged to identify the sources and magnitude of liquid loss at the company's largest North American production facility, and to quantify the opportunities for improvement.



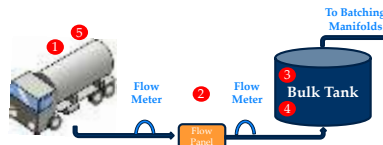
The scope of the project included the *liquid loss* in the production and bottling of spirits. In order to identify sources of liquid waste, the team had to quickly dissect the operation, which spanned a 530,000 square foot facility running 24 hours a day seven days a week.

The Approach

The effort was divided into three areas of focus:

1. Raw Material Unloading
2. Processing/Blending
3. Bottling

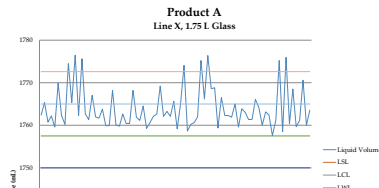
The team began the effort by observing the path of the liquids throughout the operation, identifying control (measurement) points, and developing reasonable hypotheses for where waste could occur.



Once these measurements were established, the team conducted the following activities:

- Interviewed key employees
- Observed key processes
- Analyzed Data

In total, 15 products were observed at over 50 points in the production process.



At the end of the study, the key findings included:

- Significant variance in fill-head performance was leading to overfilled bottles
- The “proof-in” process to initialize a bottling run was wasting more liquid than necessary
- Current sampling plans based on average weights did not accurately reflect fill volumes
- Inconsistent procedures and a breakdown in communication led to unnecessary confusion and mistakes in Processing/Blending
- Opportunities existed to make waste reduction a part of the

overall culture by improving plant-wide metrics

- Reporting variances on receipt of material from internal vendors was causing a virtual inventory loss within the company that was a paper loss

The Results

Based on the findings during the yield study, Keystone developed specific recommendations focused on: improving the bottling sampling plan, minimizing overfilled bottles, making waste reduction a part of the culture at all levels, decreasing the likelihood of large-scale losses, and reducing the incidences of virtual loss.

Recommendation	Key Areas of Focus	Benefits (upside)	Time to Implement	Rate of Implementation	Support Capital
Improve bottling sampling plan	Develop a more effective way to combine weights to better assess the variability in bottle weights. Review the frequency.	High	<1 Month	Medium	Low
Reduce overall variability of the liquid	Review "water" content of the operation. Operational equipment calibration and operating procedures. Quality control in the process. Assign batches to real personnel and improve shift coordination.	High	<1 Month	Medium	Low
Optimize Batchhead of Bottling Station	Conduct additional proof-runs to validate opportunities.	Medium	<1 Month	Easy	No
Reduce loss in pipes of bottling connection	Open pipes and valves to catch all "high loss potential" equipment along processing and ERP equipment and make sure to replace savings equipment.	Medium	<1 Month	Easy	No
Reduce liquid loss during proof-in	Identify each step, right gauge, gauge, etc. for proof-in. Change flow rate can be implemented to improve fill distribution.	Medium	<1 Month	Medium	No
Reduce liquid loss during proof-in	Reduce batch tank variability in proof-in process on each of the lines.	Medium	<1 Month	Medium	No
Reduce unnecessary liquid	Develop a standardized, standard procedure for validation to log variances in SAP based on proof gallons.	Low	<1 Month	Easy	No

Rate	Time to Implement	Support Capital
High	<1 Month	Easy
Medium	<1 Month	Medium
Low	<1 Month	Difficult

In all, the team identified and developed recommendations focused on reducing liquid loss by 1% of total product produced each year. Additionally, the recommendations improved the company's ability to track and reduce future loss with greater urgency.